

## ORTH 22. Compresseur à 2 étages

1. ~~1. loi de Joule~~; 1<sup>re</sup> loi de Joule:  $\Delta h_{12} = c_p (T_2 - T_1)$

loi de Laplace:  $T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{p_2}{p_1} \right)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} = T_1 a^{\frac{(1-\gamma)/\gamma}{\gamma}}$

$\Rightarrow W = \Delta h = c_p T_1 (a^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} - 1) \quad W = 4,5 \text{ kJ kg}^{-1}$

2.  $W_{BP} = \Delta h_{BP} = c_p (T_2 - T_1) = c_p T_1 (\lambda^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} - 1)$

$W_{HP} = \Delta h_{HP} = c_p (T_4 - T_3)$  car  $T_3 = T_1$ ;  $p_3 = p_2$

$W_{HP} = c_p (T_4 - T_1)$ ; Laplace:  $T_1^{\frac{\gamma}{1-\gamma}} p_2^{1-\gamma} = T_4^{\frac{\gamma}{1-\gamma}} p_4^{1-\gamma}$   
 $\Rightarrow T_4 = T_1 \left( \frac{p_2}{p_4} \right)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} = T_1 \left( \frac{\lambda}{a} \right)^{\frac{(1-\gamma)/\gamma}{\gamma}}$

$\Rightarrow W_{HP} = c_p T_1 \left( \left( \frac{\lambda}{a} \right)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} - 1 \right)$

$W_{tot} = W_{BP} + W_{HP} = c_p T_1 \left( \lambda^{\frac{(1-\gamma)/\gamma}{\gamma}} + \left( \frac{\lambda}{a} \right)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} - 2 \right)$

3.  $\frac{dW_{tot}}{d\lambda} = c_p T_1 \frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma} \left( \lambda^{-1/\gamma} - \frac{\lambda^{(1-\gamma)/\gamma}}{a^{(1-\gamma)/\gamma}} \right) = 0 \dots \Rightarrow \lambda = \sqrt{a} = 5$

4.  $T_2 = T_1 \lambda^{\frac{(1-\gamma)/\gamma}{\gamma}} = 475 \text{ K}$

$T_4 = T_1 \left( \frac{\lambda}{a} \right)^{\frac{(1-\gamma)/\gamma}{\gamma}} = T_1 \lambda^{\frac{(1-\gamma)/\gamma}{\gamma}}$  car  $\frac{\lambda}{a} = \frac{1}{\lambda} \Rightarrow T_4 = 475 \text{ K}$

## 5. Echangeur double flux calorigène

$\dot{Q} = 0 = \dot{m}_m c_p (T_3 - T_2) + \dot{m}_{eau} c_{eau} (T_1 - T_0)$ ;  $T_1 = 293 \text{ K}$

$\Rightarrow \dot{m}_{eau} = \dot{m}_m \frac{c_p}{c_{eau}} \frac{T_2 - T_3}{T_1 - T_0} \quad \dot{m}_{eau} = 5,4 \text{ kg s}^{-1}$

NB:  $W_{tot \min} = 2 c_p T_1 (\lambda^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} - 1)$

$\lambda = 5$   
 $a = 25 \Rightarrow \frac{\lambda}{a} = \frac{1}{\lambda}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{W_{tot \min}}{W} = 2 \frac{\lambda^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} - 1}{a^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} - 1} = 0,77$

