

OP244 - Méthode de Michelson-Pease

$$1. \quad p'(M) = \frac{\delta'(M)}{\lambda_0} = (a \sin \varepsilon + a \sin \theta) / \lambda_0$$

où $\sin \varepsilon \approx \varepsilon$ car $\varepsilon \ll 1$

$$\sin \theta \approx \tan \theta \approx \theta \approx \frac{x}{D}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{p'(M) = \frac{a}{\lambda_0} \left(\varepsilon + \frac{x}{D} \right)}$$

$$2. \quad p''(M) = \frac{a}{\lambda_0} \left(-\varepsilon + \frac{x}{D} \right)$$

Critère de brouillage par perte de cohérence spatiale pour une source bi-pouche/lc:

$$|\Delta p| = m + \frac{1}{2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{2a\varepsilon}{\lambda_0} = m + \frac{1}{2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \boxed{a_m = \frac{\lambda_0}{2\varepsilon} \left(m + \frac{1}{2} \right)}$$

$m \in \mathbb{N}$

$$3. \quad a_0 = \frac{\lambda_0}{4\varepsilon} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \boxed{\varepsilon = \frac{\lambda_0}{4a_0}}$$

$$\varepsilon = 1,36 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ rad} = (0,78 \cdot 10^{-5})^\circ$$

$$\boxed{\varepsilon = 0,281''}$$

